# **Standard ICs**

# EL driver for portable sets **BA3899F**

The BA3899F is an IC developed for EL drive applications. It uses a more compact interface than transformer systems, and is ideal for use in thin sets.

#### Applications

Pagers, electronic notebooks and other portable devices

# Features

1) Drive oscillation frequency can be set using external capacitance.

2) Equipped with standby control pin.

### Absolute maximum ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Power supply voltage	Vcc	8.0	V
Power dissipation	Pd	450*	mW
Operating temperature	Topr	– 10 ~ + 60	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg – 55 ~ + 125		°C
Maximum applied voltage	Vst	8.0	V

\* Reduced by 4.5mW for each increase in Ta of 1°C over 25°C.

#### Recommended operating conditions (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Power supply voltage	Vcc	1.0	5.0	7.0	V

#### Block diagram





# •Pin descriptions

Pin No.	Pin name	1/0	Pin voltage	Internal equivalent circuit	Function
1	GND	I	—	_	GND pin
2	N.C.	—	_	—	_
3	C1	1/0	_		OSC1 oscillator circuit; external capacitor pin
4	C2	1/0	_	Vcc C2 Φ GND	OSC2 oscillator circuit; external capacitor pin
5	STBY	I	0	STBY O	Standby control pin (HIGH state: standby cancelled) OWhen applying resistance, etc. to the STBY pin, be careful not to exceed the threshold values.
6	Vcc	I	—	_	Vcc input pin
7	SW2	0	_	Vcc x1 x20 500Ω GND SW2	SW2 switching output pin
8	SW1	0	_	Vcc X1 SND	SW1 switching output pin



<ul> <li>Electrical characteristics</li> </ul>	s (unless otherwise noted,	Ta = 25°C, Vcc = 5.0V,	$C1 = 0.033 \mu F, C2 = 1500 \mu F$
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Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	
Supply current		Icc	3.0	4.6	6.2	mA	When used as stand-alone unit	
C1 pin oscillation frequency		fsw1	75	95	120	Hz	_	
C2 pin oscillation frequency		fsw2	17	23	29	kHz	_	
SW1 Source curre		ent	Isw1so	100	140	180	μA	Vc1 = 1.0V, Vc2 = 0.05V, Vsw1 = 0V
			Isw1si	- 40	_	_	μA	Vc1 = 0.05V, Vc2 = 0.05V, Vsw1 = 1.0V
Source current		Isw2so	3.2	4.4	6.1	mA	Vc1 = 0.05V, Vc2 = 0.05V, Vsw2 = 0V	
5002	Pull-down resistance		Rsw2	400	500	600	Ω	Vst = 0.35V, Vsw <sub>2</sub> = 0.3V
Standby pin control Ope voltage condition Nor		Operating	VSTON	1.0	_	_	V	_
		Non-operating	VSTOFF	_	_	0.3	V	
Quiescent current in standby state		IQ (ST)	_	0	2.0	μA	_	

Measurement circuit



Fig.1



## Application example



\* Because of the characteristics of the EL element, continuous application of particularly high DC power supply voltage can shorten the lifetime of the element. To avoid this, we recommend inserting a switch in the power supply line.





Fig. 3



# Operation notes

## (1) EL drive output

As shown in Figure 4, the EL drive output consists of charging (rise in voltage caused by switching) and discharging waveforms. The switching frequency is determined by fsw<sub>2</sub> and the charging and discharging timing by fsw<sub>1</sub>.

## (4) Q1, Q2, and D1

The Vo (Max.) shown in Figure 4 is applied to the output Vo, so if using any transistor other than that recommended, caution is required concerning the pressure withstand value. Also, Q2 must have characteristics which allow it to keep pace with the switching speed of fsw2.



#### Fig.4

#### (2) Setting fsw1

The oscillation frequency is determined by charging and discharging of the external capacitance of the C1 pin. The value for C1 should be set based on the following equation.

$$C1 = \frac{1}{V_{C1} \times (\frac{1}{I_1} + \frac{1}{I_2})} \times \frac{1}{f_{SW1}}$$
$$= (3.14E - 6) \times \frac{1}{f_{SW1}} \qquad (V_{CC} = 5V)$$

The recommended setting range for  $f_{SW1}$  is 40Hz to 800Hz. However, the Vo (Max.) shown in Figure 4 is determined by  $f_{SW1}$ , so caution is required concerning the pressure withstand values of Q1, Q2, and D1.

#### (3) fsw2

 $f_{SW2}$  is the switching pressure rise frequency, and is determined by the external capacitance of the C2 pin. This value (1500pF) is determined by the inductance value and the Q2 transistor capability. When changing this value, the drive capability of Q2 must be taken into consideration in order to avoid the possibility of malfunction.

(5) Rx (resistor for adjusting light volume)

With a configuration like that shown in Figure 5, the volume of light can be adjusted. However,  $R_x$  should be set so that  $I_x$  satisfies the following condition.

$$Ix (= \frac{Vx - 0.2V}{Rx}) < 40\mu A$$

If  $Ix > 40\mu A$ , LSI dispersion, temperature fluctuation, and other elements can cause oscillation of the C2 pin to stop. Be sure the above condition is satisfied.





#### Electrical characteristic curves







Fig. 8 SW1 sink current vs. power supply voltage





Fig. 7 Oscillation frequency of C1 and C2 pins vs. power supply voltage



Fig. 9 SW1 source current vs. power supply voltage



Fig. 11 SW2 pull-down resistance vs. power supply voltage



•External dimensions (Units: mm)



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