

**Triple Low Noise Amplifier/Dual Mixer**

**Description**

The CXG1130AER is a triple low noise amplifier/dual mixer. This IC is designed using the Sony's GaAs J-FET process.

**Features**

- Single 3V power supply operation
- 2-pin control by the on-chip logic circuit
- High gain:           Gp = 16.5dB (LNA typ.)  
                          Gc = 10dB (MIX typ.)
- Low noise figure: NF = 1.5 to 1.6dB (LNA typ.)  
                          NF = 4.5dB (MIX typ.)
- Low LO input power operation
- 24-pin VQFN small package

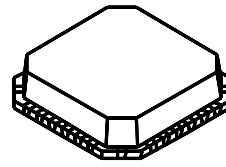
**Applications**

800MHz/1.5GHz Jpn digital cellular phones (PDC)

**Structure**

GaAs J-FET MMIC

24 pin VQFN (Plastic)



**Absolute Maximum Ratings** (Ta = 25°C)

• Supply voltage	VDD	4.5	V
• Input power	PIN	+13	dBm
• Current consumption	IDD	15	mA
• Operating temperature	Topr	-35 to +85	°C
• Storage temperature	Tstg	-65 to +150	°C

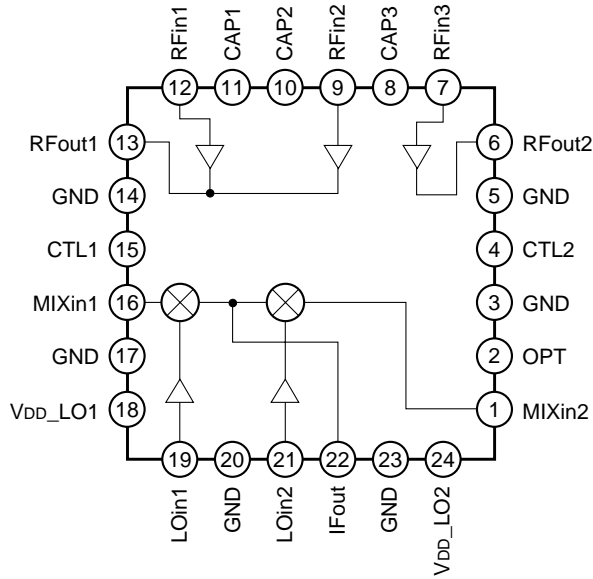
**Recommended Operating Conditions**

• Supply voltage	VDD	2.7 to 3.3	V
• Control voltage	VCTL (H)	2.4 to 3.3	V
	VCTL (L)	0 to 0.3	V

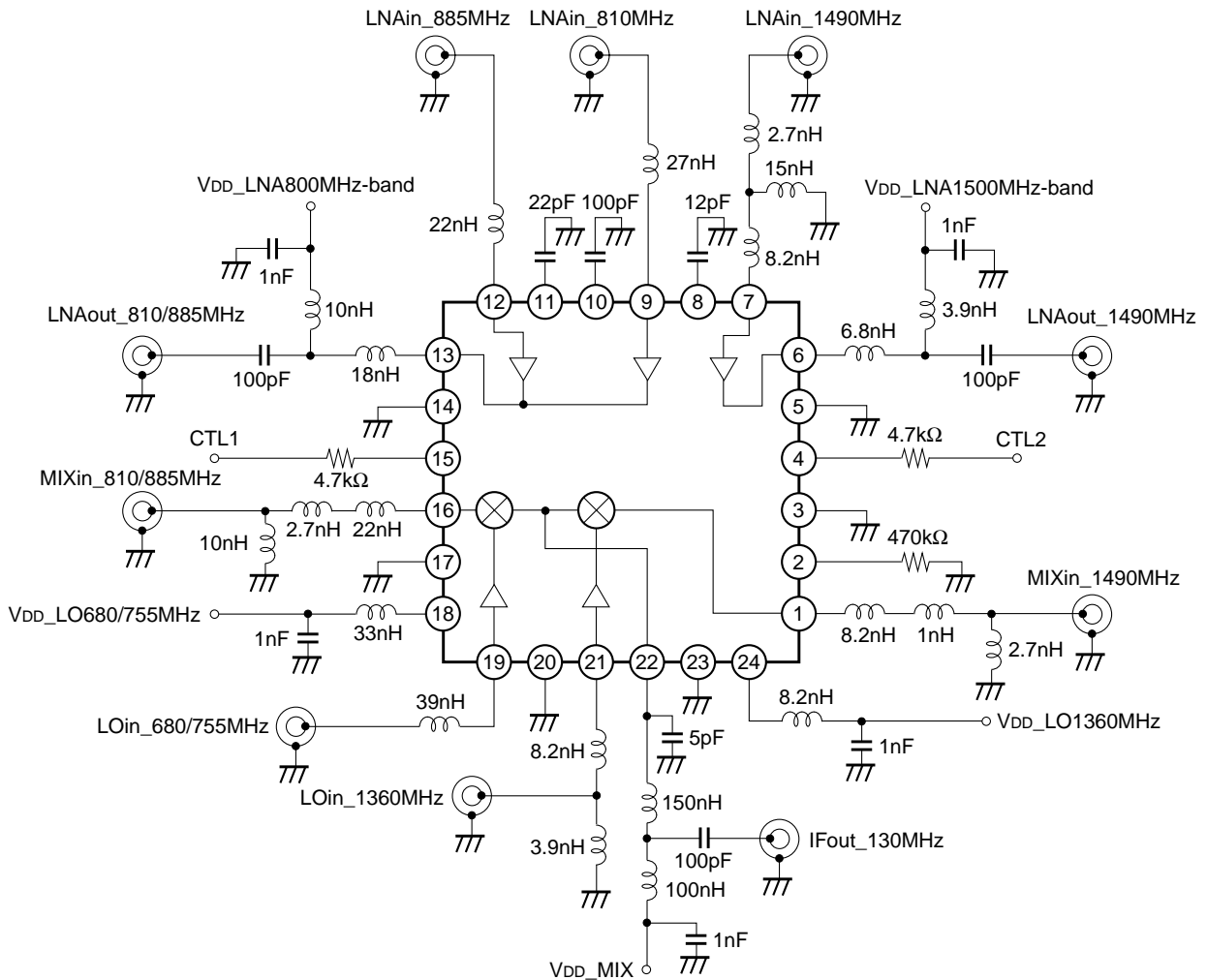
GaAs MMICs are ESD sensitive devices. Special handling precautions are required.

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Block Diagram and Pin Configuration



Recommended Evaluation Circuit



**Electrical Characteristics**

The normalized values are those when the Sony's recommended evaluation board is used.

**800MHz Band Low Noise Amplifier**

Conditions: Unless otherwise specified,  $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ ,  $V_{CTL} (H) = 3.0V$ ,  $V_{CTL} (L) = 0V$ ,  $f_{RF1} = 885MHz$ ,  $f_{RF2} = 810MHz$   
( $T_a = 25^\circ C$ )

Item	Symbol	Path	Frequency	$V_{CTL1}$	$V_{CTL2}$	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Measurement condition
Current consumption	I <sub>DD</sub>	—	—	H	L	—	2.0	2.65	mA	When no signal
			—	L	L	—	2.0	2.65		
Control current	I <sub>CTL1</sub>	—	—	H	L	—	60	90	μA	
			—	L	L	-5	0	5		
Power gain	G <sub>p</sub>	RF <sub>IN1</sub> → RF <sub>OUT1</sub>	f <sub>RF1</sub>	H	L	14.5	16.5	18.5	dB	When a small signal
				L	L	—	-20	-15		
		RF <sub>IN2</sub> → RF <sub>OUT1</sub>	f <sub>RF2</sub>	H	L	—	-25	-20		
				L	L	14.5	16.5	18.5		
Noise figure	NF	RF <sub>IN1</sub> → RF <sub>OUT1</sub>	f <sub>RF1</sub>	H	L	—	1.3	2.0	dB	
		RF <sub>IN2</sub> → RF <sub>OUT1</sub>	f <sub>RF2</sub>	L	L	—	1.5	2.0		
Input IP3	IIP3	RF <sub>IN1</sub> → RF <sub>OUT1</sub>	f <sub>RF1</sub>	H	L	-10	-6.5	—	dBm	*1
		RF <sub>IN2</sub> → RF <sub>OUT1</sub>	f <sub>RF2</sub>	L	L	-11	-8	—		
Isolation	Iso	RF <sub>OUT1</sub> → RF <sub>IN1</sub>	f <sub>RF1</sub>	H	L	22	26	—	dB	When a small signal
		RF <sub>OUT1</sub> → RF <sub>IN2</sub>	f <sub>RF2</sub>	L	L	18	22	—		

\*1 Conversion from the IM3 suppression ratio for two-wave input:  $f_{RFOffset} = 100kHz$ ,  $P_{RF} = -30dBm$ .

**1.5GHz Band Low Noise Amplifier**

Conditions: Unless otherwise specified,  $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ ,  $V_{CTL} (H) = 3.0V$ ,  $V_{CTL} (L) = 0V$ ,  $f_{RF3} = 1490MHz$   
( $T_a = 25^\circ C$ )

Item	Symbol	Path	Frequency	$V_{CTL1}$	$V_{CTL2}$	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Measurement condition
Current consumption	I <sub>DD</sub>	—	—	—	H	—	2.9	3.7	mA	When no signal
Control current	I <sub>CTL2</sub>	—	—	—	H	—	90	120	μA	
Power gain	G <sub>p</sub>	RF <sub>IN3</sub> → RF <sub>OUT2</sub>	f <sub>RF3</sub>	—	H	14	16	18	dB	When a small signal
Noise figure	NF	RF <sub>IN3</sub> → RF <sub>OUT2</sub>	f <sub>RF3</sub>	—	H	—	1.6	2.1	dB	
Input IP3	IIP3	RF <sub>IN3</sub> → RF <sub>OUT2</sub>	f <sub>RF3</sub>	—	H	-9	-6	—	dBm	*1
Isolation	Iso	RF <sub>OUT2</sub> → RF <sub>IN3</sub>	f <sub>RF3</sub>	—	H	20	23	—	dB	When a small signal

\*1 Conversion from the IM3 suppression ratio for two-wave input:  $f_{RFOffset} = 100kHz$ ,  $P_{RF} = -30dBm$ .

**800MHz Band Mixer**

Conditions: Unless otherwise specified,  $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ ,  $V_{CTL} (H) = 3.0V$ ,  $V_{CTL} (L) = 0V$ ,

$f_{RF1} = 885MHz$ ,  $f_{RF2} = 810MHz$ ,  $f_{LO} = f_{RF} - 130MHz$ ,  $P_{LO} = -15dBm$   
( $T_a = 25^\circ C$ )

Item	Symbol	RF frequency	V <sub>CTL1</sub>	V <sub>CTL2</sub>	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Measurement condition
Current consumption	I <sub>DD</sub>	—	—	L	—	5	6.5	mA	When no signal
Control current	I <sub>CTL2</sub>	—	—	L	-5	0	5	μA	
Conversion gain	G <sub>c</sub>	f <sub>RF1</sub>	—	L	9	10	11.5	dB	When a small signal
		f <sub>RF2</sub>	—	L	8.5	9.5	11		
Noise figure	NF	f <sub>RF1</sub>	—	L	—	5	6.5	dB	
		f <sub>RF2</sub>	—	L	—	4	5.5		
Input IP3	IIP3	f <sub>RF1</sub>	—	L	-1	+2	—	dBm	*1
		f <sub>RF2</sub>	—	L	-0.5	+2.5	—		
LO → RF leak	PI <sub>k</sub>	f <sub>RF1</sub>	—	L	—	-21	-18	dBm	f <sub>LO</sub> = 755MHz
		f <sub>RF2</sub>	—	L	—	-24	-21		f <sub>LO</sub> = 680MHz

\*1 Conversion from the IM3 suppression ratio for two-wave input:  $f_{RfOffset} = 100kHz$ ,  $P_{RF} = -25dBm$ .

**1.5GHz Band Mixer**

Conditions: Unless otherwise specified,  $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ ,  $V_{CTL} (H) = 3.0V$ ,  $V_{CTL} (L) = 0V$ ,

$f_{RF3} = 1490MHz$ ,  $f_{LO} = 1360MHz$ ,  $P_{LO} = -15dBm$   
( $T_a = 25^\circ C$ )

Item	Symbol	RF frequency	V <sub>CTL1</sub>	V <sub>CTL2</sub>	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Measurement condition
Current consumption	I <sub>DD</sub>	—	—	H	—	5.5	7.5	mA	When no signal
Control current	I <sub>CTL2</sub>	—	—	H	—	90	120	μA	
Conversion gain	G <sub>c</sub>	f <sub>RF3</sub>	—	H	9	10	11.5	dB	When a small signal
Noise figure	NF	f <sub>RF3</sub>	—	H	—	4.5	6	dB	
Input IP3	IIP3	f <sub>RF3</sub>	—	H	-1	+2	—	dBm	*1
LO → RF leak	PI <sub>k</sub>	f <sub>RF3</sub>	—	H	—	-24	-21	dBm	f <sub>LO</sub> = 1360MHz

\*1 Conversion from the IM3 suppression ratio for two-wave input:  $f_{RfOffset} = 100kHz$ ,  $P_{RF} = -25dBm$ .

**Operation Logic**

V <sub>CTL1</sub>	V <sub>CTL2</sub>	LNA1 (800MHz_U)	LNA2 (800MHz_L)	LNA3 (1.5GHz)	MIX1 (800MHz)	MIX2 (1.5GHz)
H	L	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
L	L	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
—	H	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON

**Example of Representative Characteristics**

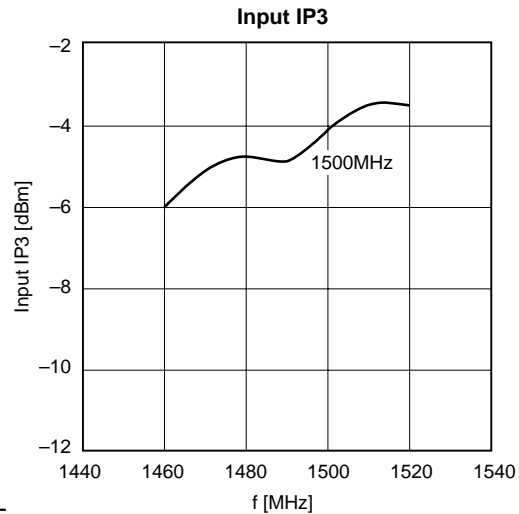
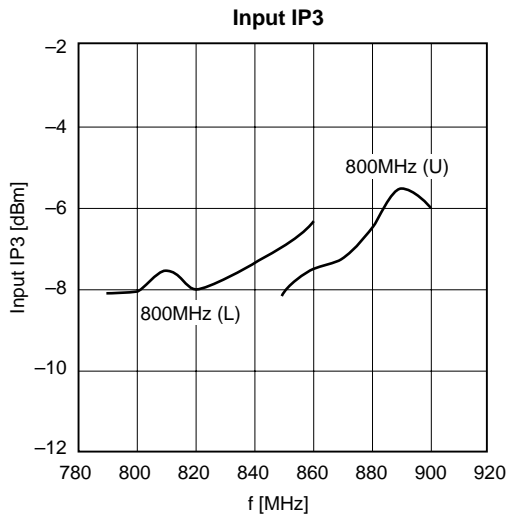
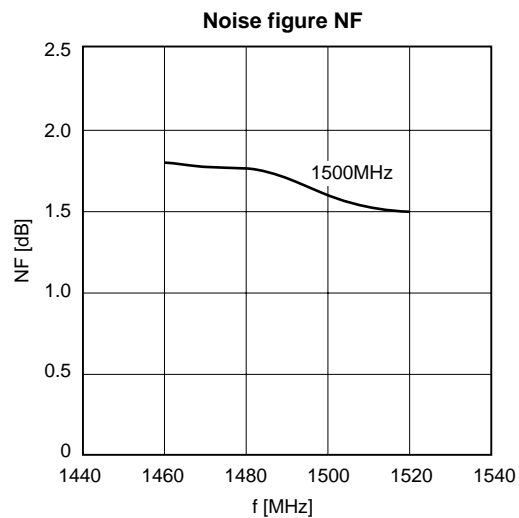
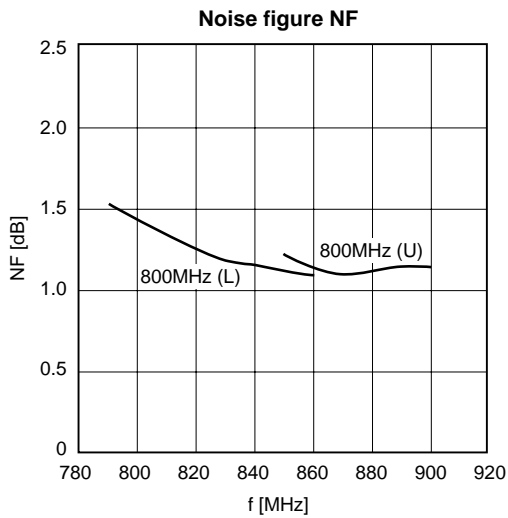
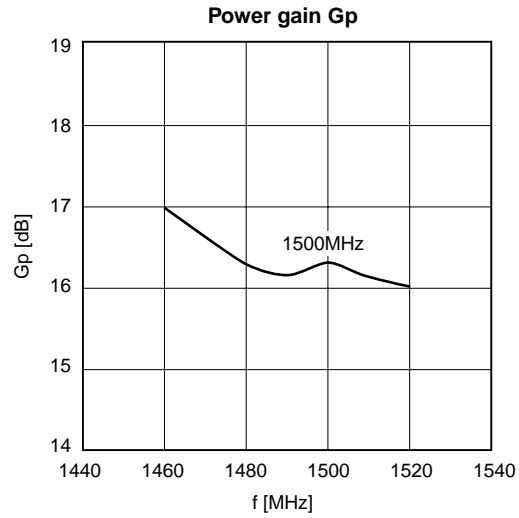
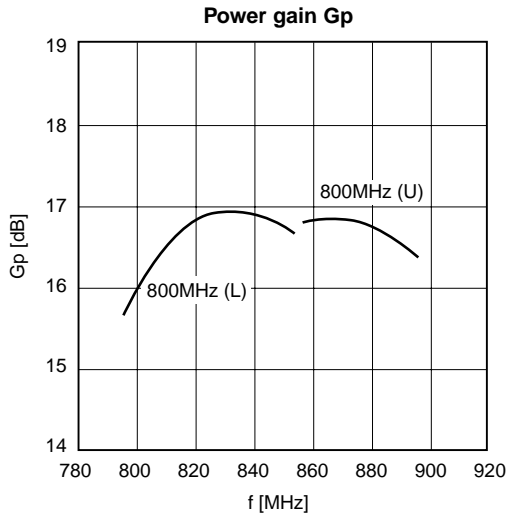
**1. CXG1130AER frequency characteristics of main items in LNA block (25°C)**

[Condition]  $V_{DD} = 3V$ , 800MHz\_L (Pin 9 input → Pin 13 output):  $V_{CTL1} = 0V$ ,  $V_{CTL2} = 0V$ ,

800MHz\_U (Pin 12 input → Pin 13 output):  $V_{CTL1} = 3V$ ,  $V_{CTL2} = 0V$ ,

1500MHz (Pin 7 input → Pin 6 output):  $V_{CTL2} = 3V$

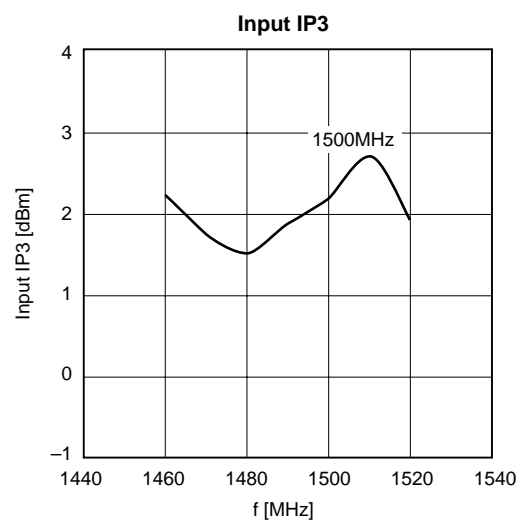
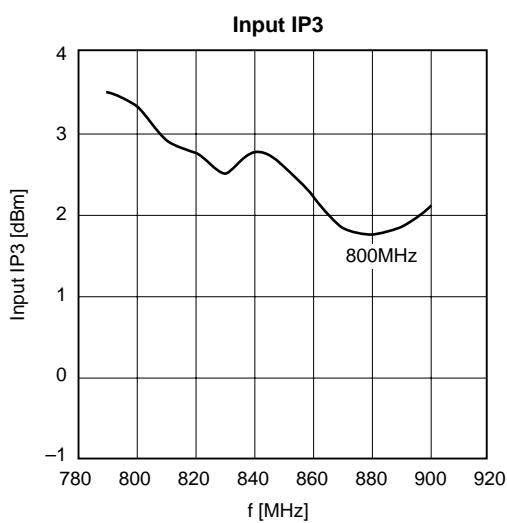
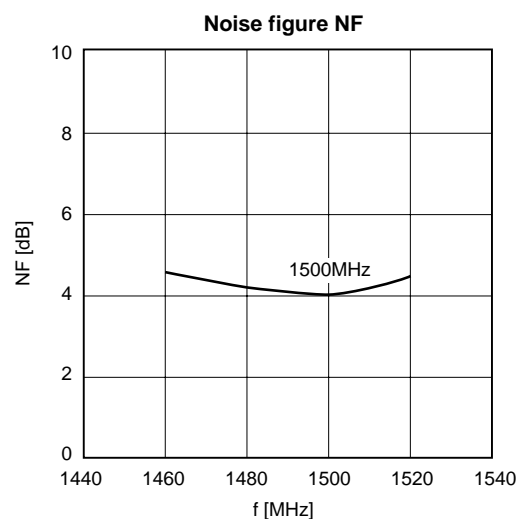
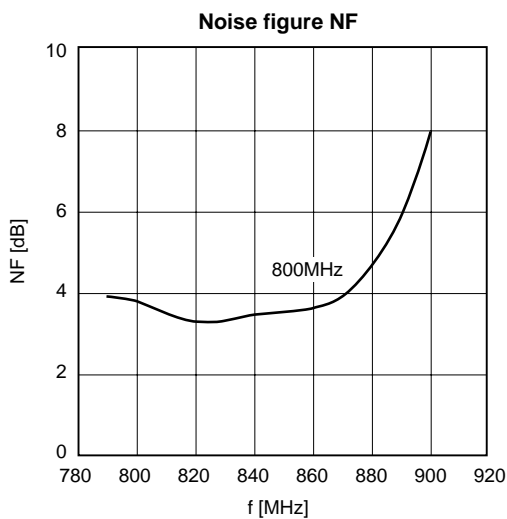
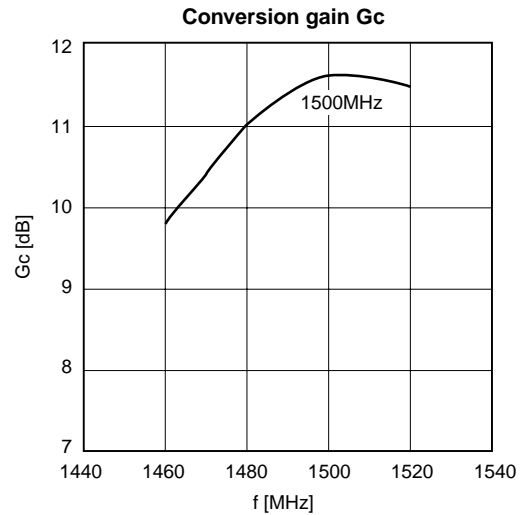
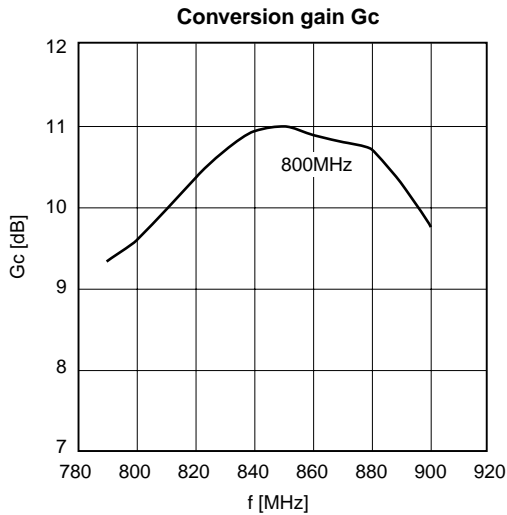
$G_p$  and  $NF$  are those when a small signal is input. The input  $IP3$  is converted from the IM3 suppression ratio for two-wave input:  $f_{roffset} = 100kHz$ ,  $P_{RF} = -30dBm$ .



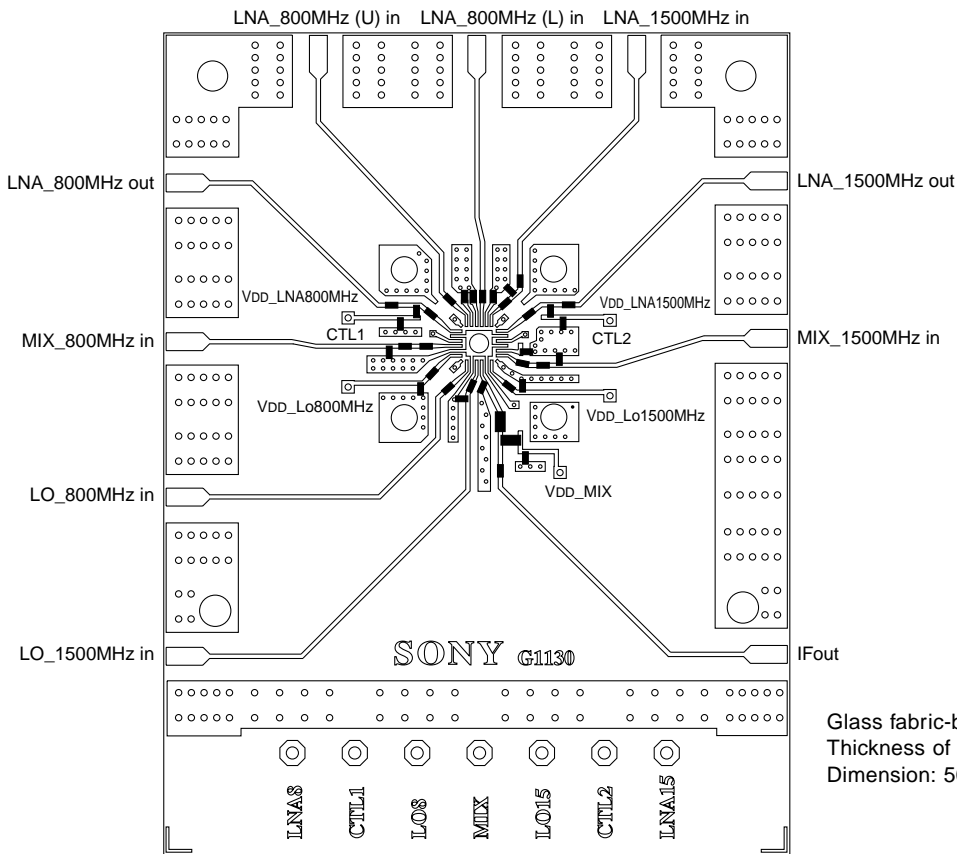
**2. CXG1130AER frequency characteristics of main items in MIX block (25°C)**

[Condition]  $V_{DD} = 3V$ ,  $f_{LO} = f_{RF} - 130MHz$ ,  $P_{LO} = -15dBm$ , 800MHz:  $V_{CTL2} = 0V$ , 1500MHz:  $V_{CTL2} = 3V$

$G_c$  and  $NF$  are those when a small signal is input. The input  $IP_3$  is converted from the  $IM_3$  suppression ratio for two-wave input:  $f_{RFoffset} = 100kHz$ ,  $P_{RF} = -25dBm$ .

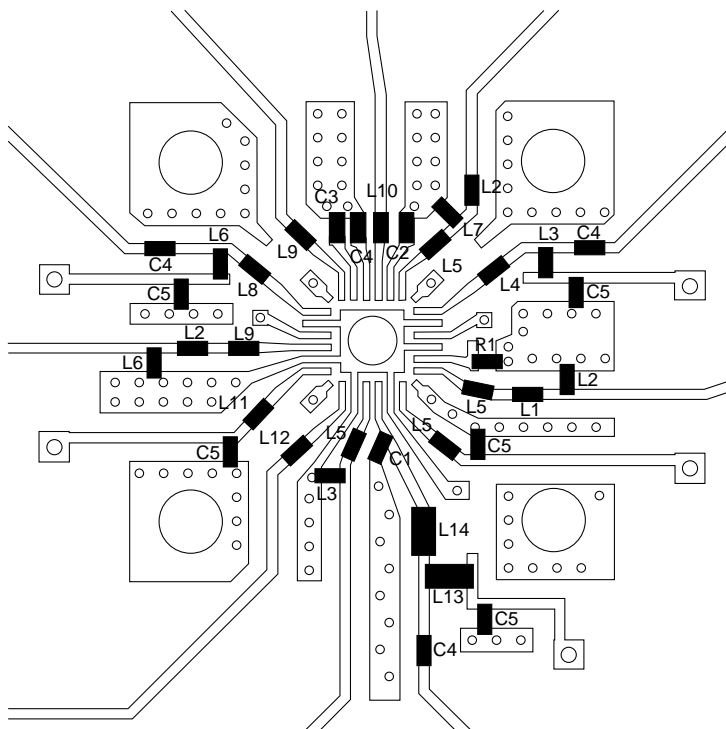


Recommended Evaluation Board



Glass fabric-base 4-layer epoxy board  
 Thickness of film between layers 1 and 2: 0.2mm  
 Dimension: 50mm x 66mm

Enlarged Diagram of External Circuit Block

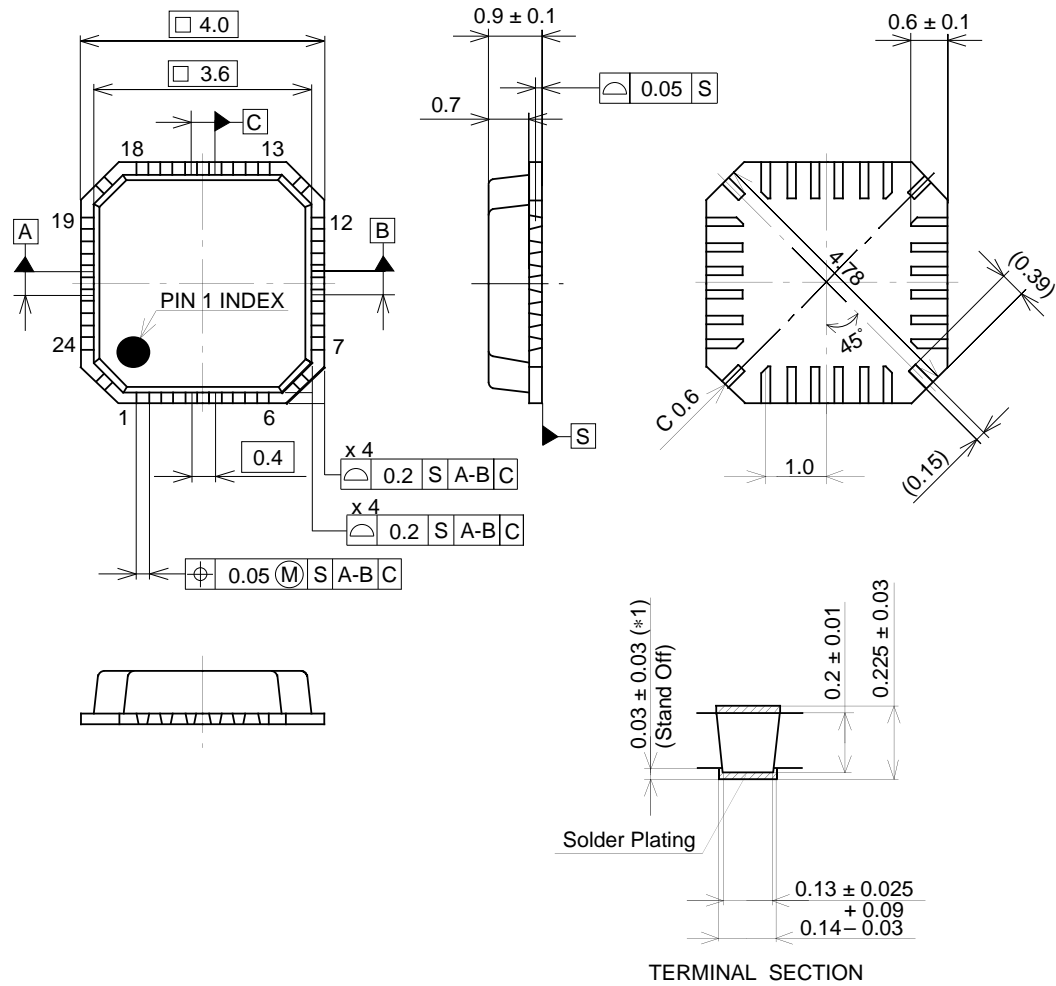


- L1 = 1nH
- L2 = 2.7nH
- L3 = 3.9nH
- L4 = 6.8nH
- L5 = 8.2nH
- L6 = 10nH
- L7 = 15nH
- L8 = 18nH
- L9 = 22nH
- L10 = 27nH
- L11 = 33nH
- L12 = 39nH
- L13 = 100nH
- L14 = 150nH
- C1 = 5pF
- C2 = 12pF
- C3 = 22pF
- C4 = 100pF
- C5 = 1nF
- R1 = 470Ω

Series resistors of 4.7kΩ to CTL1 and CTL2 are attached on the solder side of the board.

Package Outline Unit: mm

24PIN VQFN(PLASTIC)



PACKAGE STRUCTURE

PACKAGE MATERIAL	EPOXY RESIN
LEAD TREATMENT	SOLDER PLATING
LEAD MATERIAL	COPPER ALLOY
PACKAGE MASS	0.04g

SONY CODE	VQFN-24P-03
EIAJ CODE	_____
JEDEC CODE	_____

LEAD SPECIFICATIONS

ITEM	SPEC.
LEAD MATERIAL	COPPER ALLOY
SOLDER PLATING	Sn-Bi Bi:1-4wt%
LEAD TREATMENT THICKNESS	5-18µm