



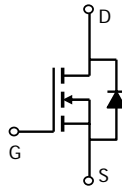
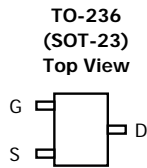
AO3402, AO3402L (Green Product)
N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor

General Description

The AO3402 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$, low gate charge and operation with gate voltages as low as 2.5V. This device is suitable for use as a load switch or in PWM applications. AO3402L (Green Product) is offered in a lead-free package.

Features

- V_{DS} (V) = 30V
- I_D = 4 A
- $R_{DS(ON)} < 55m\Omega$ ($V_{GS} = 10V$)
- $R_{DS(ON)} < 70m\Omega$ ($V_{GS} = 4.5V$)
- $R_{DS(ON)} < 110m\Omega$ ($V_{GS} = 2.5V$)



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

| Parameter | Symbol | Maximum | Units |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| Drain-Source Voltage | V_{DS} | 30 | V |
| Gate-Source Voltage | V_{GS} | ± 12 | V |
| Continuous Drain Current ^A | I_D | 4 | A |
| | | $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ | |
| | $T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$ | 3.4 | |
| Pulsed Drain Current ^B | I_{DM} | 15 | |
| Power Dissipation ^A | P_D | 1.4 | W |
| | | $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ | |
| | $T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$ | 1 | |
| Junction and Storage Temperature Range | T_J, T_{STG} | -55 to 150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

Thermal Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Typ | Max | Units |
|--|-----------------|--------------|-----|--------------------|
| Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A | $R_{\theta JA}$ | 70 | 90 | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |
| | | $t \leq 10s$ | | |
| Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A | $R_{\theta JA}$ | 100 | 125 | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |
| | | Steady-State | | |
| Maximum Junction-to-Lead ^C | $R_{\theta JL}$ | 63 | 80 | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |

Electrical Characteristics (T_J=25°C unless otherwise noted)

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----|----------|----------|-------|
| STATIC PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| BV _{DSS} | Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage | I _D =250μA, V _{GS} =0V | 30 | | | V |
| I _{DSS} | Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current | V _{DS} =24V, V _{GS} =0V T _J =55°C | | | 1 5 | μA |
| I _{GSS} | Gate-Body leakage current | V _{DS} =0V, V _{GS} =±12V | | | 100 | nA |
| V _{GS(th)} | Gate Threshold Voltage | V _{DS} =V _{GS} , I _D =250μA | 0.6 | 1 | 1.4 | V |
| I _{D(ON)} | On state drain current | V _{GS} =4.5V, V _{DS} =5V | 10 | | | A |
| R _{DS(ON)} | Static Drain-Source On-Resistance | V _{GS} =10V, I _D =4A T _J =125°C | | 45 66 | 55 80 | mΩ |
| | | V _{GS} =4.5V, I _D =3A | | 55 | 70 | mΩ |
| | | V _{GS} =2.5V, I _D =2A | | 83 | 110 | mΩ |
| g _{FS} | Forward Transconductance | V _{DS} =5V, I _D =4A | | 8 | | S |
| V _{SD} | Diode Forward Voltage | I _S =1A, V _{GS} =0V | | 0.8 | 1 | V |
| I _S | Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current | | | | 2.5 | A |
| DYNAMIC PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| C _{iss} | Input Capacitance | V _{GS} =0V, V _{DS} =15V, f=1MHz | | 390 | | pF |
| C _{oss} | Output Capacitance | | | 54.5 | | pF |
| C _{rss} | Reverse Transfer Capacitance | | | 41 | | pF |
| R _g | Gate resistance | V _{GS} =0V, V _{DS} =0V, f=1MHz | | 3 | | Ω |
| SWITCHING PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| Q _g | Total Gate Charge | V _{GS} =4.5V, V _{DS} =15V, I _D =4A | | 4.34 | | nC |
| Q _{gs} | Gate Source Charge | | | 0.6 | | nC |
| Q _{gd} | Gate Drain Charge | | | 1.38 | | nC |
| t _{D(on)} | Turn-On DelayTime | V _{GS} =10V, V _{DS} =15V, R _L =3.75Ω, R _{GEN} =6Ω | | 3.3 | | ns |
| t _r | Turn-On Rise Time | | | 1 | | ns |
| t _{D(off)} | Turn-Off DelayTime | | | 21.7 | | ns |
| t _f | Turn-Off Fall Time | | | 2.1 | | ns |
| t _{rr} | Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time | I _F =4A, di/dt=100A/μs | | 12 | | ns |
| Q _{rr} | Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge | I _F =4A, di/dt=100A/μs | | 6.3 | | nC |

A: The value of R_{θJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T_A=25°C. The value in any a given application depends on the user's specific board design. The current rating is based on the t≤ 10s thermal resistance rating.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C. The R_{θJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead R_{θJL} and lead to ambient.

D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6,12,14 are obtained using 80μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T_A=25°C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

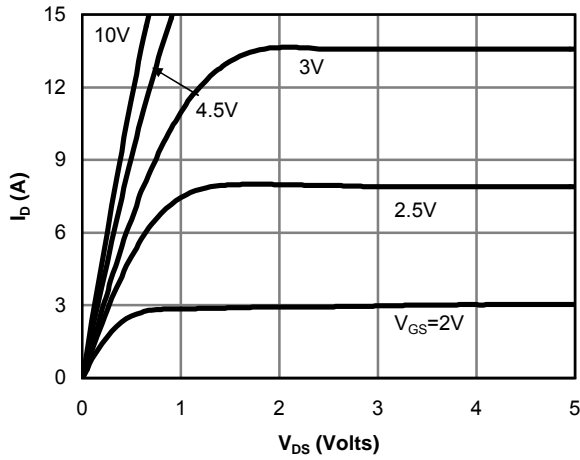


Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

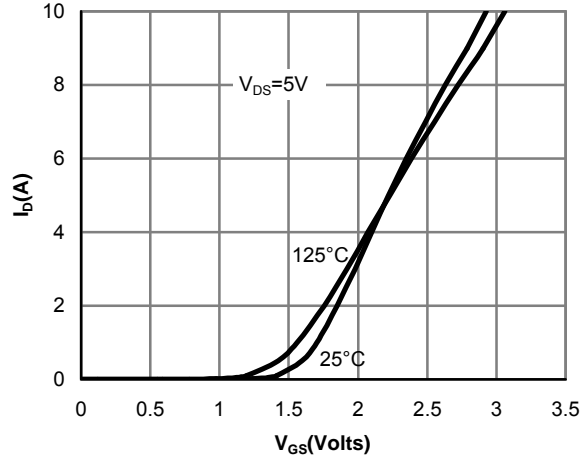


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

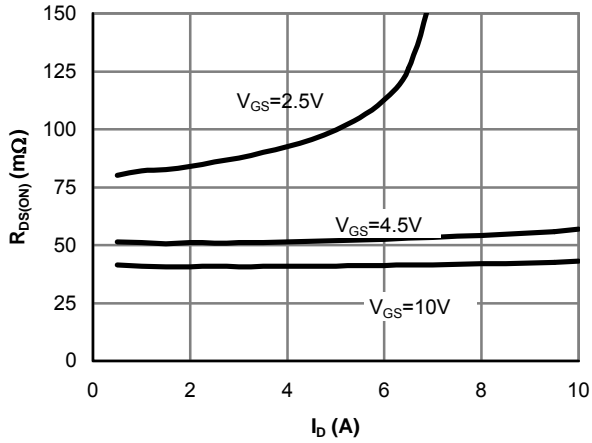


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

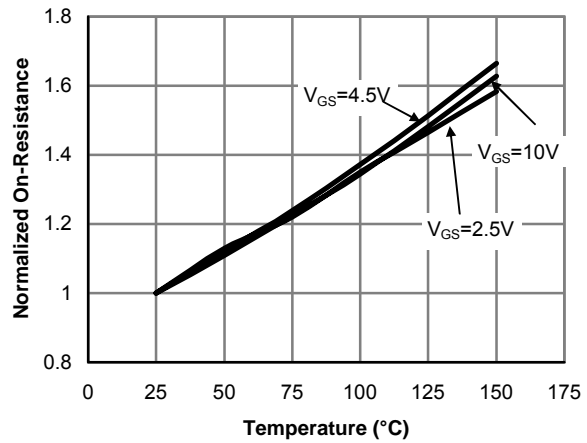


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

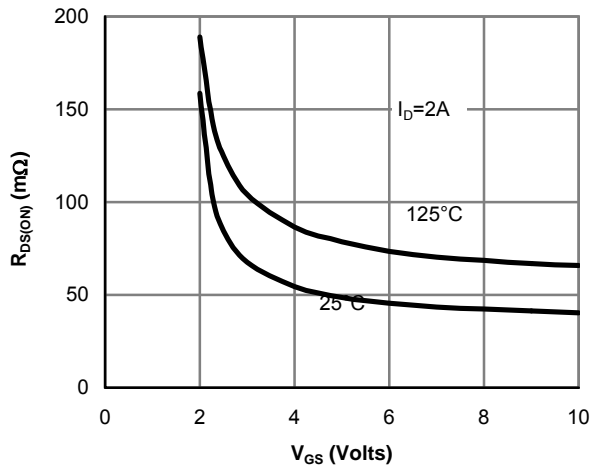


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

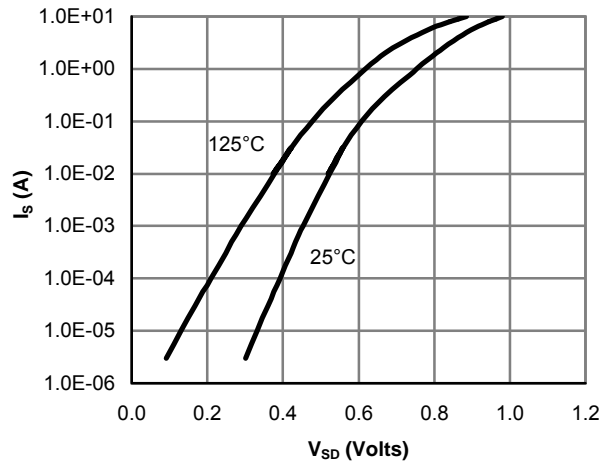


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

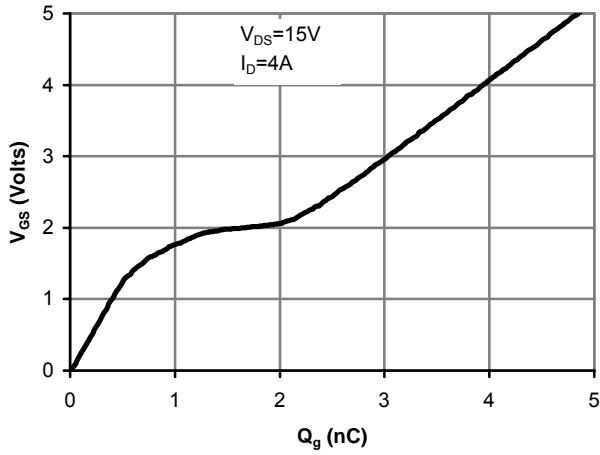


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

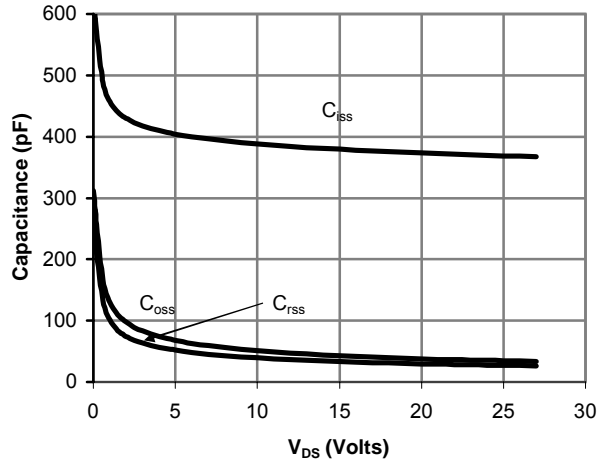


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

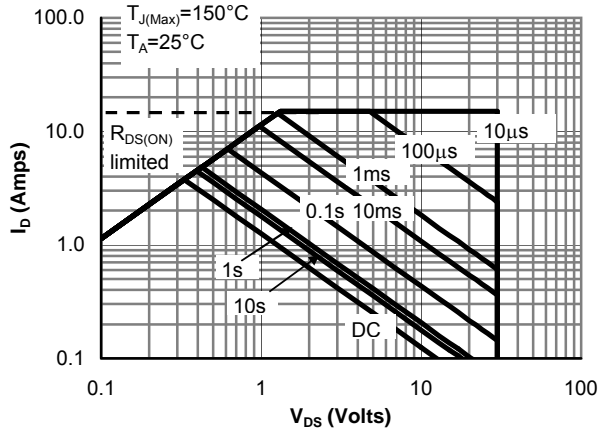


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)

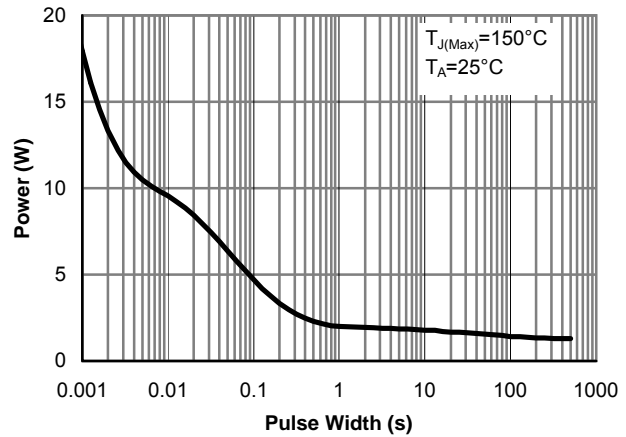


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note E)

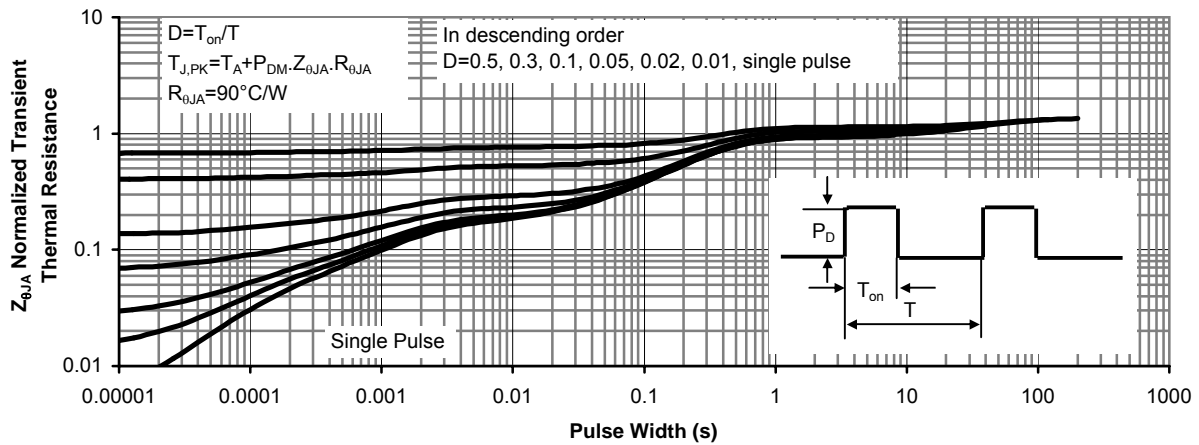


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance